MARINETTE COUNTY INVESTMENT POLICY

I. Governing Authority

Legality

The investment program shall be operated in conformance with federal, state, and other legal requirements, including Wisconsin Statute §66.0603.

II. Scope

This policy applies to the investment of all funds, excluding the investment of employees' retirement funds. Proceeds from certain bond issues, as well as separate foundation or endowment assets, may be covered by a separate policy as necessary.

1. Pooling of Funds

Except for cash in certain restricted and special funds, Marinette County will consolidate cash and reserve balances from all funds to maximize investment earnings and to increase efficiencies with regard to investment pricing, safekeeping and administration. Investment income will be allocated to the various funds based on their respective participation and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

III. General Objectives

The primary objectives, in priority order, of investment activities shall be safety, liquidity, and yield:

1. Safety

Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. The objective will be to mitigate credit risk and interest rate risk.

a. Credit Risk

Marinette County will minimize credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by:

- Limiting investments to the types of securities listed in Section VII of this Investment Policy
- Pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which Marinette County will do business in accordance with Section V.
- Diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from any one individual issuer will be minimized.

b. Interest Rate Risk

Marinette County will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by:

- Structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity
- Investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money
 market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average
 maturity of the portfolio in accordance with this policy (see section VIII).

2. Liquidity

The investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated. This is accomplished by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with cash needs to meet anticipated demands (static liquidity). Furthermore, since all possible cash demands cannot be anticipated, the short-term portion of the portfolio should consist largely of securities with active secondary or resale markets (dynamic liquidity). Alternatively, a portion of the portfolio may be placed in money market mutual funds or local government investment pools, which offer same-day liquidity for short-term funds.

3. Yield

The investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the investment risk constraints and liquidity needs. Return on investment is of secondary importance compared to the safety and liquidity objectives described above. The core of investments are limited to relatively low risk securities in anticipation of earning a fair return relative to the risk being assumed. Securities shall generally be held until maturity with the following exceptions:

- A security with declining credit may be sold early to minimize loss of principal.
- A security swap would improve the quality, yield, or target duration in the portfolio.
- Liquidity needs of the portfolio require that the security be sold.

4. Local Considerations

Where possible, funds may be invested for the betterment of the local economy or that of local entities within the State. Marinette County may accept a proposal from an eligible institution, which provides for a reduced rate of interest provided that such institution documents the use of deposited funds for community development projects.

IV. Standards of Care

1. Prudence

The standard of prudence to be used by investment officials shall be the "prudent person" standard and shall be applied in the context of managing an overall portfolio. Investment officers acting in accordance with written procedures and this investment policy and exercising due diligence shall be relieved of personal responsibility for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported in a timely fashion and the liquidity and the sale of securities are carried out in accordance with the terms of this policy.

The "prudent person" standard states that, "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived."

2. Ethics and Conflicts of Interest

Officers and employees involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with the proper execution and management of the investment program, or that could impair their ability to make impartial decisions. Employees and investment officials shall disclose any material interests in financial institutions with which they conduct business. They shall further disclose any personal financial/investment positions that could be related to the performance of the investment portfolio. Employees and officers shall refrain from undertaking personal investment transactions with the same individual with which business is conducted on behalf of Marinette County.

3. Delegation of Authority

Authority to manage the investment program is granted to the Finance Director and County Treasurer, hereinafter referred to as investment officers and derived from the following: Wisconsin State Statute 59.62. Responsibility for the operation of the investment program is hereby delegated to the investment officers, who shall act in accordance with established written procedures and internal controls for the operation of the investment program consistent with this investment policy. Procedures should include references to: safekeeping, delivery vs. payment, investment accounting, repurchase agreements, wire transfer agreements, and collateral/depository agreements. No person may engage in an investment transaction except as provided under the terms of this policy and the procedures established by the investment officers. The investment officers shall be responsible for all transactions undertaken and shall establish a system of controls to regulate the activities of subordinate officials.

V. Authorized Financial Institutions, Depositories, and Broker/Dealers

1. Authorized Financial Institutions, Depositories, and Broker/Dealers
A list will be maintained of financial institutions and depositories authorized to
provide investment services. In addition, a list will be maintained of approved
security broker/dealers selected by creditworthiness (e.g., a minimum capital
requirement of \$10,000,000 and at least five years of operation). These may include
"primary" dealers or regional dealers that qualify under Securities and Exchange
Commission (SEC) Rule 15C3-1 (uniform net capital rule).

All financial institutions and broker/dealers who desire to become qualified for investment transactions must supply the following as appropriate:

- Audited financial statements demonstrating compliance with state and federal capital adequacy guidelines
- Proof of National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD) certification (not applicable to Certificate of Deposit counterparties)
- Proof of state registration
- Completed broker/dealer questionnaire (not applicable to Certificate of Deposit counterparties)
- Certification of having read and understood and agreeing to comply with Marinette County's investment policy.
- Evidence of adequate insurance coverage.

An annual review of the financial condition and registration of all qualified financial institutions and broker/dealers will be conducted by the investment officers.

2. Minority and Community Financial Institutions

From time to time, the investment officers may choose to invest in instruments offered by minority and community financial institutions. In such situations, a waiver to certain parts of the criteria under Paragraph 1 may be granted. All terms and relationships will be fully disclosed prior to purchase and will be reported to the appropriate entity on a consistent basis and should be consistent with state or local law. The administrative committee must approve these types of investment purchases.

VI. Safekeeping and Custody

1. Delivery vs. Payment

All trades of marketable securities will be executed by delivery vs. payment (DVP) to ensure that securities are deposited in an eligible financial institution prior to the release of funds.

2. Safekeeping

Securities will be held by a [centralized] independent third-party custodian selected by the entity as evidenced by safekeeping receipts in Marinette County's name. The

safekeeping institution shall annually provide a copy of their most recent report on internal controls (Statement of Auditing Standards No. 70, or SAS 70).

3. Internal Controls

The investment officers shall establish a system of internal controls, which shall be documented in writing. The internal controls shall be reviewed by the administrative committee and with the independent auditor. The controls shall be designed to prevent the loss of public funds arising from fraud, employee error, misrepresentation by third parties, unanticipated changes in financial markets, or imprudent actions by employees and officers of Marinette County.

VII. Suitable and Authorized Investments

1. Investment Types

Consistent with the GFOA Policy Statement on State and Local Laws Concerning Investment Practices, the following investments will be permitted by this policy and are those defined by state and local law where applicable:

- U.S. Treasury obligations which carry the full faith and credit guarantee of the United States government and are considered to be the most secure instruments available:
- U.S. government agency and instrumentality obligations that have a liquid market with a readily determinable market value (e.g., debt issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank);
- Certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit at financial institutions,
- Commercial paper, rated in the highest tier (e.g., A-1, P-1, F-1, or D-1 or higher) by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Corporate bonds, rated in the highest or 2nd highest rating category assigned by a nationally recognized rating agency
- Investment-grade obligations of state, provincial and local governments and public authorities;
- Repurchase agreements whose underlying purchased securities consist of the aforementioned instruments;
- Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and whose portfolios consist only of dollar-denominated securities; and
- Local government investment pools either state-administered or developed through joint powers statutes and other intergovernmental agreement legislation.

Investment in derivatives of the above instruments shall require authorization by the Marinette County Administrative Committee.

2. Collateralization

Where allowed by state law and in accordance with the GFOA Recommended Practices on the Collateralization of Public Deposits, full collateralization may be required on all demand deposit accounts, including checking accounts and non-negotiable certificates of deposit.

3. Repurchase Agreements

Repurchase agreements, if used, shall be consistent with GFOA Recommended Practices on Repurchase Agreements.

VIII. Investment Parameters

1. Diversification

The following diversification limitations shall be imposed on the portfolio:

- Maturity: No more than 75 percent of the portfolio may be invested beyond 12 months.
- Liquidity risk: At least 10 percent of the portfolio shall be invested in overnight instruments or in marketable securities which can be sold to raise cash in one day's notice.

	Individual	% of	
	Threshold	Portfolio	Additional Information:
Certificate of Deposit	\$250,000	No limit	FDIC insured up to \$250,000
Commercial Paper	< 10%	< 30%	Rated in highest tier of national rate agency
Corporate Bond	< 10%	< 50%	Rated in 2 highest tiers of national rate
			agency
FAMCA, FFCB, FHLB,	< 10%	No limit	US Government Agency backed
FHLMC, FNMA Bond			
GNMA Bond	< 10%	< 30%	Mortgage backed securities by FHA
LGIP		No limit	Same as cash, FDIC insured up to \$250,000
			and State of Wisconsin Public Deposit
			Guarantee up to additional \$400,000
Money Market	< 20%	<30%	Same as cash, FDIC insured up to \$250,000
Municipal Bond	< 10%	< 50%	State/Local Government backed
Negotiable CD	\$250,000	No limit	FDIC insured up to \$250,000
SBA	< 10%	<30%	
US Treasury	< 10%	No limit	US Government backed

2. Maximum Maturities

To the extent possible, Marinette County shall attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, Marinette County will not directly invest in securities maturing more than six (6)

years from the date of purchase or in accordance with state and local statutes and ordinances. Marinette County shall adopt weighted average maturity limitations (which range from 90 days to 6 years), consistent with the investment objectives.

Reserve funds and other funds with longer-term investment horizons may be invested in securities exceeding six (6) years if the maturities of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with expected use of funds. The intent to invest in securities with longer maturities shall be disclosed in writing to the legislative body.

Because of inherent difficulties in accurately forecasting cash flow requirements, a portion of the portfolio should be continuously invested in readily available funds such as local government investment pools, money market funds, or overnight repurchase agreements to ensure that appropriate liquidity is maintained to meet ongoing obligations.

3. Competitive Bids

The investment officer shall obtain competitive bids from at least two brokers or financial institutions on all purchases greater than \$1,000,000 face value of investment instruments purchased on the secondary market.

The investment officer may purchase instruments from any authorized broker equal to or less than \$1,000,000 face value without competitive bid with approval of one of the following: County Administrator, County Treasurer, or County Administrative Committee Chair.

IX. Reporting

1. Methods

The finance director shall provide a monthly report listing all individual securities held at the end of each month.

The finance director shall prepare a detailed investment report semi annually. The investment report will be prepared in a manner, which will allow Marinette County to ascertain whether investment activities during the reporting period have conformed to the investment policy. The report will be provided to the administrative committee. The report will include the following:

- Listing of individual securities held at the end of the reporting period.
- Realized and unrealized gains or losses resulting from appreciation or depreciation by listing the cost and market value of securities over one-year duration that is not intended to be held until maturity.
- Average weighted yield to maturity of portfolio on investments as compared to applicable benchmarks.

- Listing of investment by maturity date.
- Percentage of the total portfolio, which each type of investment represents.

2. Performance Standards

The investment portfolio will be managed in accordance with the parameters specified within this policy. The portfolio should obtain a market average rate of return during a market/economic environment of stable interest rates. A series of appropriate benchmarks shall be established against which portfolio performance shall be compared on a regular basis. The benchmarks shall be reflective of the actual securities being purchased and risks undertaken and the benchmarks shall have a similar weighted average maturity as the portfolio.

3. Marking to Market

The market value of the portfolio shall be calculated monthly as part of the monthly report. This will ensure that review of the investment portfolio, in terms of value and price volatility, has been performed consistent with the GFOA Recommended Practice on "Mark-to-Market Practices for State and Local Government Investment Portfolios and Investment Pools."

X. Policy Considerations

1. Exemption

Any investment currently held that does not meet the guidelines of this policy shall be exempted from the requirements of this policy. At maturity or liquidation, such monies shall be reinvested only as provided by this policy.

2. Amendments

This policy shall be reviewed annually at the June meeting of the Administrative Committee. All changes recommended by the investment officers must be approved by the Administrative Committee and County Board.

XI. Approval of Investment Policy

The investment policy shall be formally approved and adopted by the governing body of Marinette County and reviewed as deemed appropriate.

XII. Supporting Documentation

Documents, as applicable, including but not limited to the following, will be available as supplements to the investment policy:

- Relevant investment statutes and ordinances,
- Investment Procedures and Internal Controls
- Glossary
- Broker/Dealer Questionnaire

- Credit studies for securities purchased and financial institutions used,
- Safekeeping agreements,
- Wire transfer agreements,
- Sample investment reports,
- Methodology for calculating rate of return,
- GFOA Recommended Policies.

Finance Committee Adopted: November 10, 2008 County Board Adopted: November 12, 2008 Finance Committee Reviewed: June 22, 2009

Finance Committee Reviewed and Adopted: June 21, 2010

County Board Approved: June 29, 2010

Finance Committee Reviewed and Adopted: June 18, 2012

County Board Approved: June 26, 2012

Finance Committee Reviewed and Adopted: September 14, 2017

County Board Approved: September 19, 2017

Finance Committee changed to Administrative Committee: April 24, 2018

County Board Approved: June 25, 2019 County Board Approved: March 31, 2020

Administrative Committee Reviewed: May 19, 2022